

GoB Vision on Disaster Management: to reduce the vulnerability of people, especially the poor, to the effects of natural, environmental and human induced hazards to a manageable and acceptable humanitarian level MoFDM Mission: to bring a paradigm shift in disaster management from conventional response and relief to a more comprehensive risk reduction culture and to promote food security as an important factor in ensuring the resilience of the communities to hazards Overall Objective: to strengthen the capacity of the Bangladesh Disaster Management System to reduce unacceptable risk and improve response and recovery management at all levels and to effectively integrate and manage Bangladesh's food security system

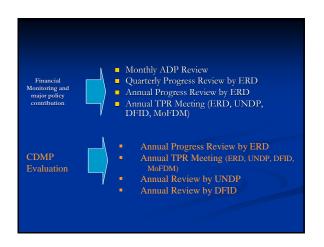
CDMP Structure		
Strategic Focus Areas	Corresponding components	Implementing agency
Professionalizing the DM system	C1a - PPPDU C1b – Professionalizing the DM System	PPPDU PPPDU
Partnership Development	C2a – Advocacy C2b – Capacity Building	DMB DMB
Community Empowerment	C3a – Programme Gap Analysis C3b – Risk Reduction Planning C3c – LDRRF C3d – Livelihood Security (EC)	PPPDU DRR PPPDU
Expanding Preparedness programmes across a broader range of hazards	G4a - Earthquake and Tsunami Preparedness (EC) C4b - Climate Change & Research C4b(1) - LACC	DMB BCD&FS DoE FAO/DAE
Strengthening emergency response capabilities	C5a – DMIC & Emergency Procedures C5b – Expansion of DMIC (EC)	PPPDU

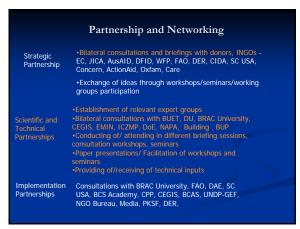
1. CDMP Programme
Monitoring and Evaluation
Mechanism

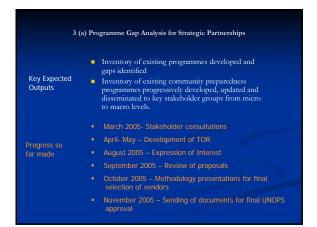
2. Partnership and Networking
3. Gap Analysis







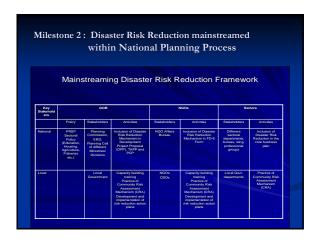






CDMP Component 2a: Advocacy Programme Key Objective To facilitate for Mainstreaming Disaster Risk Reduction in the Development Planning Process and investment strategies





Milestone 3: Inclusion of Risk Reduction in Urban Planning Management Formation of City Corporation Disaster Management Committee Facilitating Earthquake Response Plan for City Corporations Consultation with City Corporation Executives and elected representatives

Milestone 4 : Mainstreaming of Risk Reduction in NGO Project Planning Formation of working committee for mainstreaming Risk Reduction in NGO Project Planning Consultation with NGO Affairs Bureau Consultation with NGO Executives Revision of NGO Bureau Format and establishment of Institutional Accountability for addressing risk reduction issues

Milestone 5: Disaster Risk Reduction Promoted in Print and Electronic Media Production of Documentary Training courses for journalists Introducing new programmes on risk reduction issues Feature Services for Print Media Inclusion of Risk Reduction issues in National Television Debate Competition Media Award for best reporting in the media

Milestone 6: Strengthening Information Service Observation of International Day for Disaster Reduction (IDDR) Essay Competition for School, College and University Students Press Briefings Publication of a Dictionary on Disaster Management

Milestones Planned to implement the strategies Roles and Responsibilities of DMCs reviewed and revised. Training curriculum reviewed and revised. Disaster Management Training Policy formulated. Disaster Management Training Plan developed and implemented.

STRATEGIC PRIORITIES of Gu
Directorate of Relief and Rehabilitation (DRR) in relation to "community empowerment" a log pla

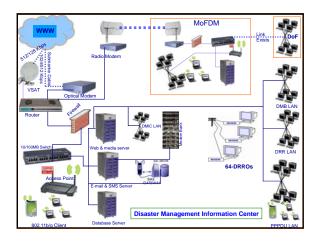
- Develop and Implement Community Risk Assessment Guidelines
- Develop, approve and introduce methodologies for integrating disaster management planning at a local level within development planning guidelines
- Introduce Gender and Social Exclusion Analysis Framework

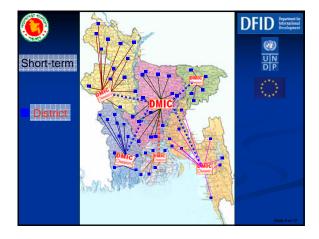
Expected Outputs-- LDRRF

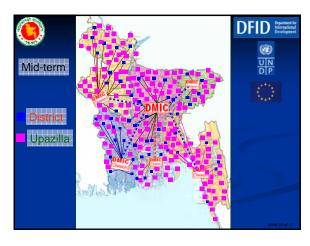
- Better integration of risk reduction mechanism into the local plans
- Improved coordination between GOB, NGOs, and Civil Society through greater ownership and partnership
- Better focus on addressing identified risks at the local and community levels; and needs of women and othe vulnerable groups in particular are better understood

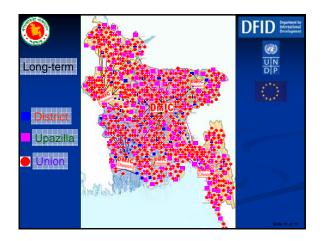
Climate Change Cell - mandate

- Building the capacity of MoEF/DoE to _coordinate & mainstream CC issues in development activities
- Strengthen existing knowledge & information accessibility on impact prediction & adaptation to CC
- Awareness-raising, advocacy & coordination to promote CC adaptation & risk reduction in development activities
- <u>Improved adaptive capacity</u> for sustainable livelihoods in the agricultural sector

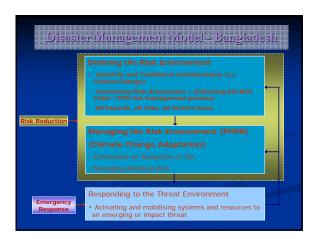












CDMP Focus Areas 2005

- MoFDM Policy and planning reforms including learning and development strategies
- Institutional Reforms- particularly in relation to roles and responsibilities of
- Awareness Raising Media, Academic institutions, policy and political masters
- Donor awareness and networking

CDMP Focus Areas 2005

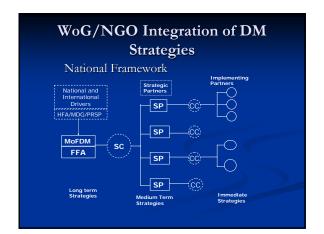
- Tsunami Action Plan and training for CPP
- Capacity building MoFDM Field staff
- Developing programming tools such as guidelines, assessment criteria and training modules
- Creating the CRA framework including RRAPs
- Strengthening the CCC and establishing TAG, Library and Database

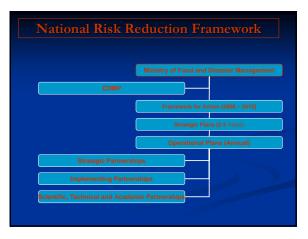
CDMP Focus Areas 2005

- MoFDM E-Governance and IT support
- Establishment of DMIC and MoFDM EOC and Media Room
- Maintaining CDMP Governance Frameworks committees, reporting, etc.
- Streamlining processes Imprest Account
- General support to the MoFDM reviews, reports, papers (PRSP, SAARC, WCDR/HFA, RCC, etc.)
- Preparing for the TPR



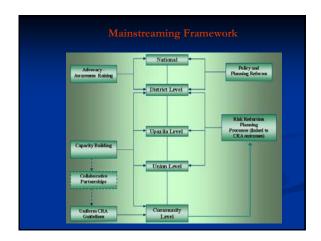
Refocusing CDMP Support Team Approach - Early 2006 Continued integration within MoFDM and away from components with emphasis on creating: Enhanced capacity to support the implementation of an expanded WoG/NGO programme Enhanced capacity to support EC Components Enhanced capacity to undertake financial, contractual and procurement management and reporting functions Enhanced capacity to undertake CDMP planning, monitoring, liaison and general support to MoFDM functions





Implementation Focus - 2006 Consolidation of CDMP effort toward a more team focused approach Integration and implementation of EC funded components Creation of holistic FFA and transition to WoG programme Awareness raising – Political, Policy and Donor focus Regional Cooperation – SAARC, RCC, ISDR Establishing sub contracting partners – MoU/LoA Expansion of capacity building training programs

Focus 2006 Roll out of post graduate learning and development strategy – April 06 Full implementation of CRA and RRAP processes Climate change impacts integrated within CRA processes and establishment of climate change library and database Full implementation of LDRRF Establishment and expansion of DMIC system Strengthening of response management systems including early warning Greater emphasis toward mainstreaming



CDMPChallenges for 2006 and beyond

- · Timely staffing of programme
- Securing services of experienced short term consultants when needed
- Establishing sufficient formal partnership agreements to enhance service delivery
- Establishing and managing contractual systems
- Establishing programme monitoring and evaluation mechanisms and capability
- · Getting multi-lateral buy-in
- · Changing the mindset of key stakeholders
- Sustained political commitment

