Incorporation of DRR practices in Japan's Urban Planning and Infrastructure Development

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ADRC Visiting Researcher FY 2023



Outline

Overview of research

Comparison of Japan and Indian DM structure

Histories of Disaster in both countries

Key Finding





Overview of research



for policymakers

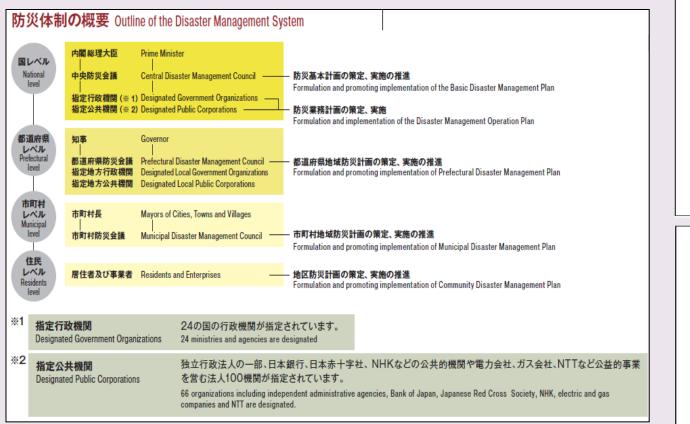
Expected Result

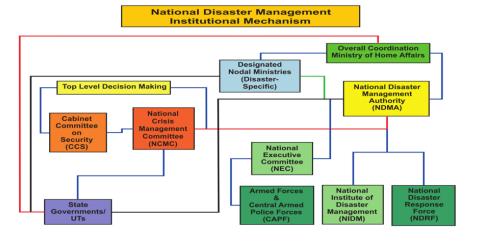
A comparative analysis of the best practices

Set of practical and feasible recommendations for enhancing DRR

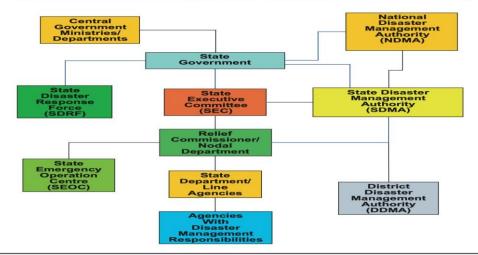
Sharing research findings with the relevant stakeholders,

Disaster management system in both countries

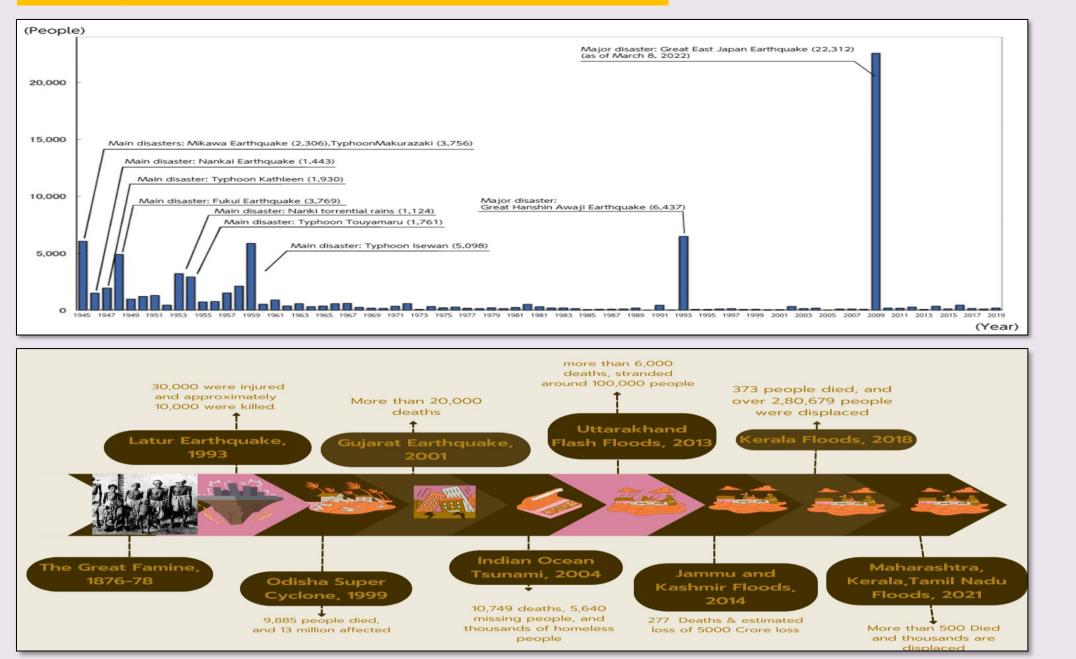




State Level Disaster Management Coordination Mechanism



History of Disasters in both countries



Japan

India

Key Finding & Recommendation

Aim 1 Identify potential areas where Japan integrate DRR



Land-use Planning & infra development



Communication Infrastructure



Japan's investment in various disaster museums

Community Engagement and Preparedness



International collaborations & knowledge transfer



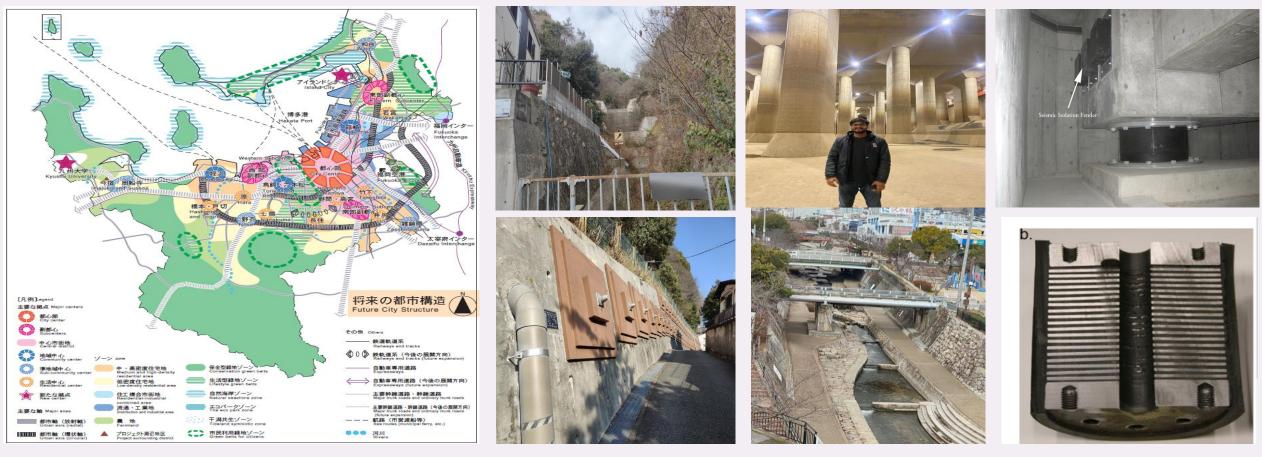
Knowledge Sharing platforms



Innovation & Technology development



Land-use Planning & infra development



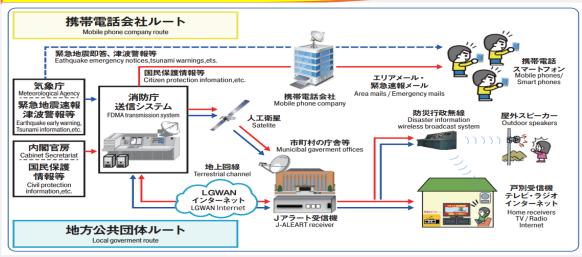
Land Use planning

Landslide prevention

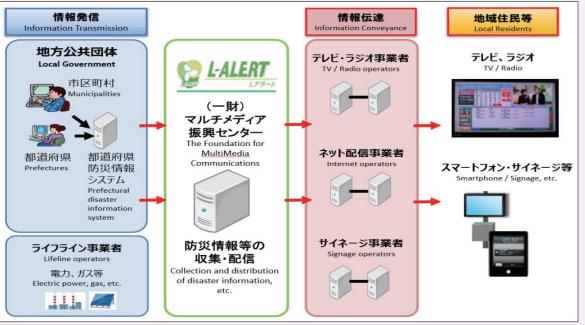
Flood Management

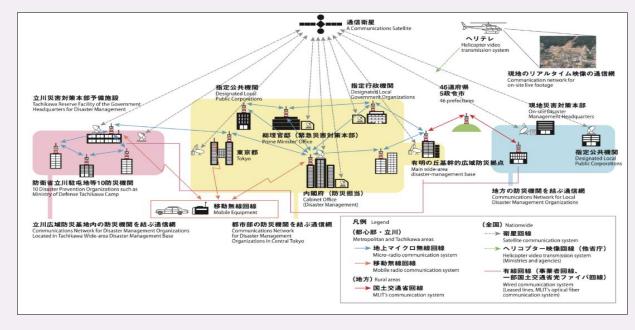
Base isolation

Communication Infrastructure



Outline of J-alert system Emergency alert email" installed in and are capable of receiving a J-ALERT.





Outline of Central Disaster Management Radio Communication Network

Outline of L-alert system

Japan's investment in various disaster museums and learning centres









Community Engagement and Preparedness



Sports Festival + DRR (source: Himeji city home page)



(source: Hyogo Pref. EM & Training Center home page)



Storyteller



Shelter Making

International collaborations & knowledge transfer









Centre I Under the auspices of UNESCO.

unesco

International Centre for Water Hazard and Risk Management under the auspices of UNESCO

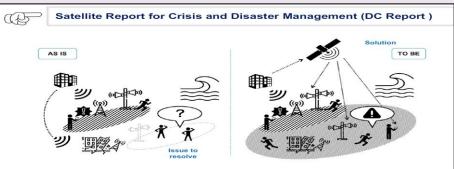






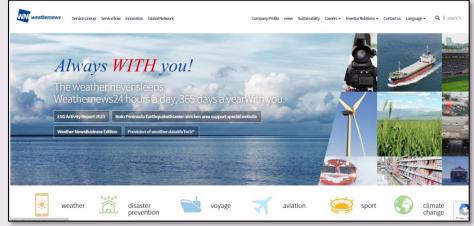
Innovation & Technology development



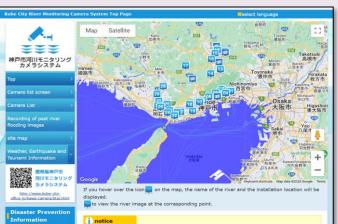


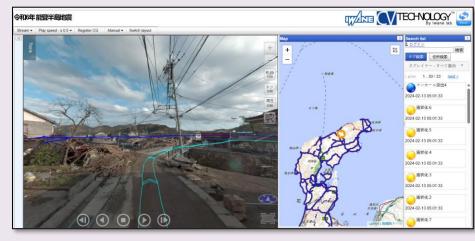












Aim -2 Best practices and successful case studies

White Paper on Disaster Management: DM plans at Community level

Build Back Better Town Planning by Community-Initiative

BOKOMI- Community Organization for Disaster and Welfare Management

Business Continuity Plan

Metropolitan Outer Area Underground Discharge Channel

Ohkouzu Diversion channel

Michi-no-eki public information system

Microchip controlled gas meter for all households

JIS-Prescribed Symbol for Evacuation Sites

National Network of Disaster Volunteer Support Organizations

EQ warning system

Hazard map portal

Japan National Guideline 2021 for Individual Support

Crowd-Sourced Damage Assessment

Examples:-





















White Paper Disaster Management in Japan

2022



Cabinet Office



Landslide safety wall

Flood/Tsunami Protection

DRR Museum, Exhibition room, Monuments

Books/Guideline

Aim -3 Actionable recommendations

- Investment on understanding of disaster.
- Invest in public education and awareness, Preserve cultural heritage related to disasters.
- We should also prepare White Paper on Disaster Management so that we can identify what have done & what will be the future course of action.
- Integration of various technology for easy and quick access of information
- We should develop/identify Michi-no-eki kind of system, These facilities helps during disaster situation, and it will use as:-
 - Emergency Shelter:
 - Distribution Center
 - Information Hub
 - Coordination Base & Communication Center:
- Adoption of Microchip controlled gas meter for prevention of fire.
- Offer tax breaks and loans for compliance with codes and retrofitting.
- Crowd-Sourced Damage Assessment in DRR
- Quick learning for Revision of building standards
- Adopt various Disaster simulation modal

